

## M.Sc. DEGREE (C.S.S.) EXAMINATION, JANUARY 2017

## Third Semester

Faculty of Science

Branch : I (A)—Mathematics

MTO 3C 14—NUMBER THEORY AND CRYPTOGRAPHY

(2012 Admission onwards)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum Weight : 30

## Part A

Answer any five questions.  
Each question has weight 1.

1. Divide  $(4\ 0\ 1\ 2\ 7\ 7)_7$  by  $(1\ 2\ 6)_7$ .
2. Express 7 as a linear combination of 1547 and 560.
3. Describe all the solutions of the following congruence  $27x \equiv 25 \pmod{256}$ .
4. Find the quadratic residues mod 11. Also write the non-residues mod 11.
5. What is a public key cryptosystem ?
6. What do you mean by probabilistic encryption ?
7. What is a Carmichael number ?
8. Use Fermat factorization to factor 92296873.

 $(5 \times 1 = 5)$ 

## Part B

Answer any five questions.  
Each question has weight 2.

9. Estimate the time required to convert a  $k$ -bit integer to its representation in the base 10.
10. Prove that for any prime  $p$ ,  $(p-1)! \equiv -1 \pmod{p}$ .
11. Factor  $3^{12} - 1 = 5\ 3\ 1\ 4\ 4\ 0$ .
12. Prove that  $(a+b)^p = a^p + b^p$  in any field of characteristic  $p$ .
13. Describe the Massey-Omura cryptosystem for message transmission.
14. Find the discrete log of 28 to the base 2 in  $\mathbb{F}_{37}^*$  using the Silver-Pohlig-Hellman algorithm.

Turn over

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 $(5 \times 1 = 5)$ **Part B**

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15. Use rho method to factor 7031, where  $f(x) = x^2 - 1, x_0 = 5$ .
16. Prove that  $\log n! - (n \log n - n) = O(\log n)$ .

(5 × 2 = 10)

### Part C

*Answer any three questions.*

*Each question has weight 5.*

17. (a) State and prove Fermat's little theorem.  
 (b) State and prove Chinese remainder theorem.
18. (a) Prove that for any integer  $b$  and any positive integer  $n$ ,  $b^n - 1$  is divisible by  $b - 1$  with quotient  $b^{n-1} + b^{n-2} + \dots + b^2 + b + 1$ .  
 (b) Let  $m = 2^{24} + 1 = 16777217$ :  
 (i) Find a Fermat prime which divides  $m$ .  
 (ii) Prove that any other prime is  $\equiv 1 \pmod{48}$ .
19. State and prove Quadratic reciprocity law.
20. Describe the algorithm for finding discrete logs infinite fields.
21. Explain the encryption and decryption procedure in a RSA cryptosystem.
22. Prove that if  $n$  is a strong pseudoprime to the base  $b$ , then it is an Euler pseudoprime to the base  $b$ .

(3 × 5 = 15)