

**M.Sc. DEGREE (C.S.S.) EXAMINATION, JUNE 2016****Fourth Semester****Faculty of Science****Branch I (A)—Mathematics****MT 04 E14—CODING THEORY****(2012 Admissions—Regular)**

Time : Three Hours

Maximum Weight : 30

**Part A**

*Answer any five questions.  
Each question has weight 1.*

1. Define the distance between two vectors  $u$  and  $v$ . Describe a sphere of radius  $r$  about a vector  $u$  with an example.
2. Define covering radius. What are the properties of covering radius ?
3. If  $a(x)$  is a binary polynomial, prove that  $a(x)^2 = a(x^2)$ .
4. Find the primitive elements of  $GF(16)$ .
5. Prove that  $GF(p^r) \subseteq GF(p^s)$  if and only if  $x^{p^r-1} - 1$  divides  $x^{p^s-1} - 1$ .
6. Let  $F = GF(q)$ . Find an element in  $F[x]/(x^3 - 1)$  that does not have a multiplicative inverse.
7. Find the parity check matrix  $H$  for the binary  $[7, 4]$  cyclic code  $C$  with generator polynomial  $f(x) = 1 + x + x^3$ .
8. Give multiplication table for the field of five elements.

 $(5 \times 1 = 5)$ **Part B**

*Answer any five questions.  
Each question has weight 2.*

9. If  $d$  is the minimum weight of a code  $C$  then prove that  $C$  can correct at the most  $\left\lfloor \frac{d-1}{2} \right\rfloor$  errors, and conversely.
10. Show that the general Hamming  $\left[ \frac{q^r-1}{q-1} = n, n-r, 3 \right]$  codes over  $GF(q)$  are perfect single-error-correcting codes.
11. Construct a finite field of 16 elements.

Turn over

12. Show that the ternary  $[12, 6]$  Golay code has minimum weight 6.
13. Explain Double error correcting BCH code.
14. Use double-error correcting BCH code to find the positions in error of vectors  $x$  and  $y$  whose syndromes are :

$$\text{syn}(x) = [\alpha^{11} \quad \alpha^{14}]^T \text{ and } \text{syn}(y) = [\alpha^6 \quad \alpha^3]^T$$

15. Prove that the degree of the minimal polynomial  $m(x)$  of an element  $\alpha \in \text{GF}(p^n)$  is the size of a certain cyclotomic coset.
16. Prove that every  $k$  successive positions are information positions, if the first  $k$  are, in an  $[n, k]$  cyclic code.

(5 × 2 = 10)

### Part C

Answer any **three** questions.

Each question has weight 5.

17. Describe packing radius and covering radius of a code  $C$ . Show that :

- (a) If  $C$  has minimum weight  $d$ , packing radius  $t = \left\lfloor \frac{d-1}{2} \right\rfloor$ .

- (b) Covering radius  $r$  is the weight of the coset of largest weight.

- (c) Packing radius is the largest among the numbers  $s$  so that each vector of weight  $\leq s$  is a unique coset leader.

18. (a) Prove that a binary code of length  $n$ , minimum distance  $d$  or more and dimension  $k \geq n - m$  exists if :

$$\binom{n-1}{1} + \binom{n-1}{2} + \dots + \binom{n-1}{d-2} < 2^m - 1.$$

- (b) Compute  $1001 \times 1011 + 0101 + 1100$  and  $(1110)^{\frac{1}{2}} + 1101$  in  $\text{GF}(16)$ .

19. (a) Show that a set of elements  $S$  in  $R_n$  corresponds to a cyclic code  $C$  if and only if  $S$  is an ideal in  $R_n$ .

- (b) How many polynomials of the form  $x^2 + ax + b$  with  $b \neq 0$  are there over  $\text{GF}(4)$ .

20. (a) Define the binary  $[24, 12]$  Golay code. Show that its minimum weight is 8 and corrects triple errors.

- (b) Suppose  $x^n - 1 = g(x)h(x)$  over  $\text{GF}(q)$ . Prove that a cyclic code  $C$  with generator polynomial  $g(x)$  is self orthogonal if and only if the reciprocal polynomial of  $h(x)$  divides  $q(x)$ .



21. (a) Let  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  be cyclic codes with generator polynomials  $g_1(x)$  and  $g_2(x)$  and idempotent generators  $e_1(x)$  and  $e_2(x)$  respectively. Prove that  $C_1 \cap C_2$  has generator polynomial  $\text{l.c.m.}(g_1(x), g_2(x))$  and the idempotent generator  $e_1(x)e_2(x)$ .
- (b) Explain the method of finding cyclic codes.
22. (a) Let  $g(x) = 1 + x^2 + x^5 + x^6 + x^8 + x^9 + x^{10}$  be a generator polynomial of a  $[15, 5]$  BCH code. Determine the correct word that was sent if  $(101101011001001)$  is received.
- (b) Find a generator polynomial for a double-error-correcting Reed-Solomon code over  $GF(16)$ . Give its length and dimension.

(3 × 5 = 15)