

M.Sc. DEGREE (C.S.S) EXAMINATION, FEBRUARY 2014**First Semester**

Faculty of Science

Branch I (A)—Mathematics

MTO IC 02—BASIC TOPOLOGY

(2012 Admission onwards)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum Weight : 30

Part A

*Answer any five questions.
Each question has weight 1.*

1. Let X be a set and $\{\mathfrak{T}_i, i \in I\}$ be an indexed collection of topologies on X . Show that $\mathfrak{T} = \bigcap_{i \in I} \mathfrak{T}_i$ is a topology on X .
2. Show that a subset A of a topological space X is dense in X if and only if for every non-empty open subset B of X , $A \cap B \neq \emptyset$.
3. Show that f is continuous if and only if for all $A \subset X$, $f(\bar{A}) \subset \bar{f(A)}$.
4. Show that every second countable space is first countable.
5. Prove that continuous image of a connected space is connected.
6. Show by an example that connectedness need not imply local connectedness.
7. Show that regularity is a hereditary property.
8. Show that a continuous bijection from a compact space onto a Hausdorff space is a homeomorphism.

(5 × 1 = 5)

Part B

*Answer any five questions.
Each question has weight 2.*

9. For a subset A of a topological space X , show that $\bar{A} = A \cup A'$.
10. Prove that a discrete space is second countable if and only if the underlying set is countable.

Turn over

11. Let $f : X \rightarrow Y$ be a function, where X and Y are topological spaces. Prove that if f is continuous, then the graph of f is homeomorphic to X .
12. Show that every separable space satisfies the countable chain condition.
13. Show that closure of a connected space is connected. Is the converse true. Justify your answer.
14. Show that every quotient space of a locally connected space is locally connected.
15. Define a T_4 space. Show that all metric spaces are T_4 .
16. Define a completely regular space. Give an example. Show that every completely regular space is regular.

(5 × 2 = 10)

Part C

Answer any **three** questions.
Each question has weight 5.

17. (a) Let X be a set, \mathfrak{I} a topology on X and S a family of subsets of X . Show that S is a sub base for \mathfrak{I} if and only if S generates \mathfrak{I} .
(b) If (X, \mathfrak{I}) is second countable and $Y \subset X$, then show that any cover of Y by members of \mathfrak{I} has a countable subcover.
18. (a) Prove that every continuous real valued function on a compact space is bounded and attains its extrema.
(b) Prove that continuous image of a compact space is compact.
19. (a) State and prove Lebesgue covering lemma.
(b) Let X be an uncountable set with the co-countable topology on X . Prove that X is not separable.
20. (a) Prove that every closed and bounded interval is compact.
(b) Show that union of a collection of connected sub sets of X having a common point is connected.
21. (a) Let X be a completely regular space. Suppose F is a compact subset of X , C is a closed subset of X and $F \cap C = \emptyset$. Prove that there exists a continuous function from X into the unit interval which takes the value 0 at all points of F and the value 1 at all points of C .
(b) Show that every map from a compact space into a T_2 space is closed.

22. (a) For a topological space X prove that the following statements are equivalent :

- (i) X is regular.
 - (ii) For any $x \in X$ and any open set G containing x , there exists an open set H containing x such that $\bar{H} \subset G$.
 - (iii) The family of all closed neighbourhoods of any point of X forms a local base at that point.
- (b) Prove that a subset of \mathbb{R} is connected if and only if it is an interval.

(3 × 5 = 15)