

M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, FEBRUARY 2016**First Semester**

Faculty of Science

Branch : Chemistry

AN IC 02 / AP IC 02 / CH IC 02 / PH IC 02 / POH IC 02—STRUCTURAL AND MOLECULAR ORGANIC CHEMISTRY

(Common to all branches of Chemistry)

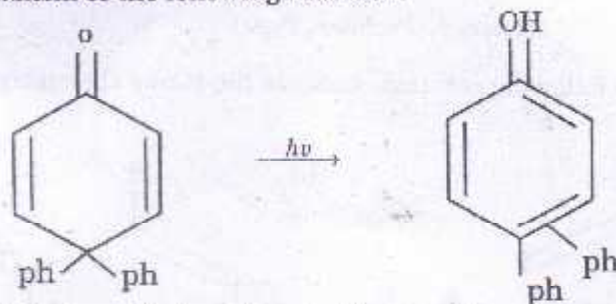
[2012 Admission onwards]

Time : Three Hours

Maximum Weight : 30

Section A*Answer any ten questions.**Each question carries a weight of 1.*

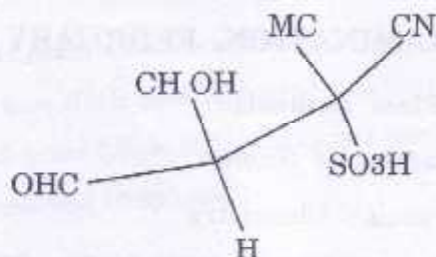
1. Cyclo-octatetraene is non-aromatic. But when it is reduced by alkali metals it becomes aromatic. How ?
2. Explain inductive effect with suitable examples.
3. Explain why a nitrogroup in the para position is more effective in increasing the acidity of phenol than that of benzoic acid.
4. Explain the mechanism of photo-Fries rearrangement.
5. Give the mechanism of the following reaction :



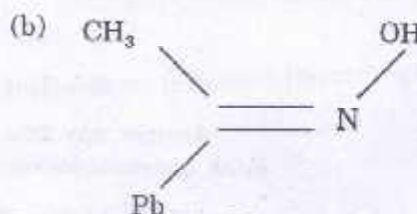
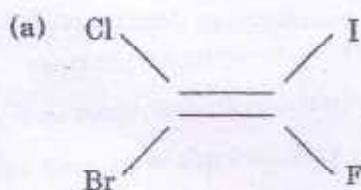
6. Explain Kinetic isotope effects with suitable example.
7. What is meant by (a) Chirality ; (b) diastereomers.
8. Draw the conformation of cyclohexane derivatives.

Turn over

9. Assign R/S configuration for the following :—



10. What is meant by Top city ? Explain with example.
 11. Explain Curtin Hammelt principle.
 12. Name the following compounds as E, Z or Syn or anti.



13. A solution of optically active 1-phenyl ethanol, $C_6H_5CH(OH) - CH_3$ in an aqueous solvent containing H^+ slowly racemizes. Account.

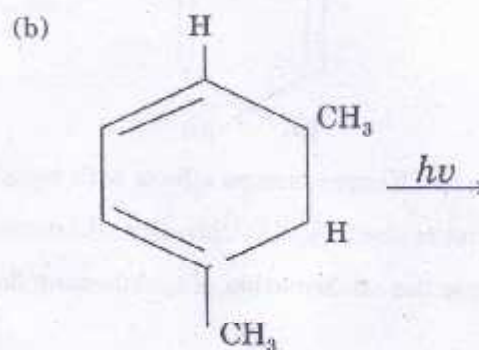
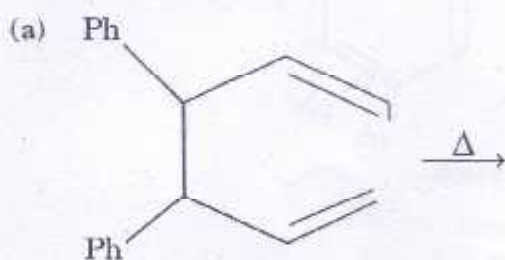
(10 × 1 = 10)

Section B

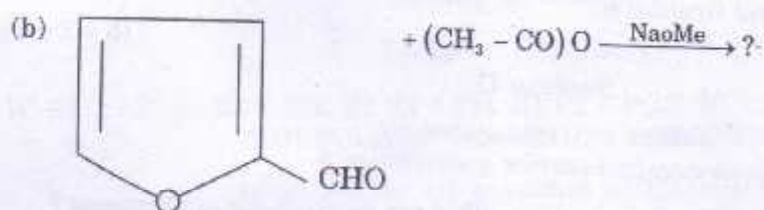
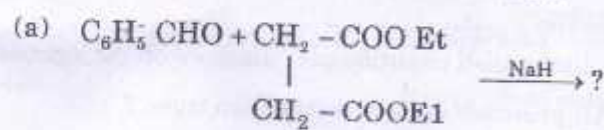
Answer any **five** questions by attempting not more than 3 questions from each bunch.
 Each question carries a weight of 2.

Bunch 1 (Problem Type)

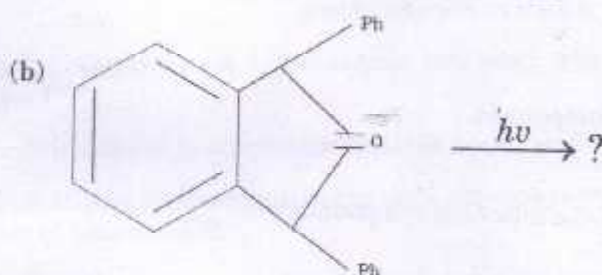
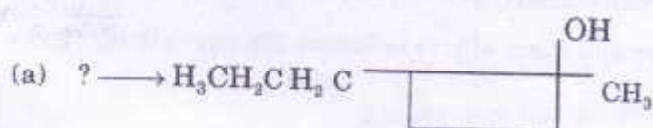
14. Predict the products in the following reaction. Indicate the stereo chemistry if any :



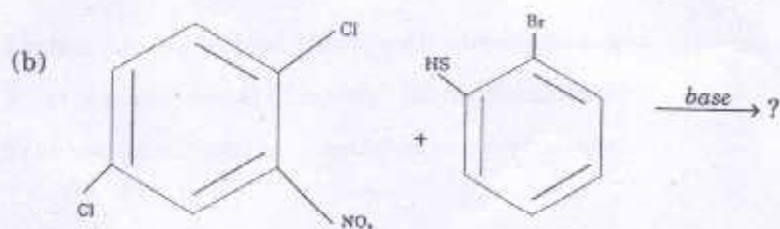
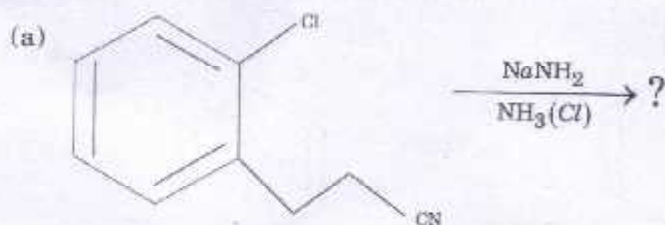
15. Predict the product and outline the mechanism :



16. Complete the following reaction and explain the mechanisms :—



17. Predict the product(s) and explain the mechanism :



Turn over

Bunch 2 (Short Essay Type)

18. Explain Hofmann elimination with examples.
19. Explain with example how NMR used to distinguish enantiotopic / diastereotopic ligands.
20. What are hard and soft acids ? How HSAB principle used to distinguish them ?
21. Write note on Fullerenes and Graphene.

(5 × 2 = 10 marks)

Section C

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries a weightage 5.

22. (a) Explain the mechanism of Boston reaction. What are its synthetic applications ?
(b) Outline the mechanism of photo-fries rearrangement. How will you show that the rearrangement proceeds as intramolecularly ?
23. How do mesomeric, hyperconjugative and steric effects influence the strength of organic bases.
24. Give account of the following :—
 - (a) Chirality due to helicity.
 - (b) Prostereo-isomerism.
 - (c) Configuration of Cyclophanic compounds.
 - (d) Axial chirality.
25. Illustrate the conformational studies of the following compounds :—
 - (a) Congressane.
 - (b) Sucrose.
 - (c) Adamantane.

(2 × 5 = 10 marks)