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B.Sc. DEGREE (C.B.C.S.S.) EXAMINATION, OCTOBER 2011

Third Semester

Core Course-3-CALCULUS

(Common for Model I and Model II B.Sc. Mathematics and B.Sc. Computer Applications)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Weight: 25

Part A (Objective Type Questions)

Answer all questions.

Each bunch of four questions carries weight 1.

- I. 1 Value of $D^n(ax+b)^n$ is ———.
 - 2 The Mclaurin's series for e^x is ———.
 - 3 The curve y = f(x) is ——— at (c, f(c)) if f''(c) < 0.
 - 4 The curvature of a straight line at every point is ----
- II. 5 The evolute of a curve is the envelope of its -
 - 6 Find $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$ if $f(x, y, z) = e^{-xyz}$.
 - 7 If W = f(x, y), x = g(r, s), y = h(r, s) then $\frac{\partial W}{\partial r} = \underline{\qquad}$
 - 8 Write the discriminant of the function f (x, y).
- III. 9 Let f be continuous on [-a, a]. If f is even then $\int_{-a}^{a} f(x) dx = ...$
 - 10 Find the volume of the solid of cross-sectional area A(x) = 2x from x = 0 to x = 2.
 - Write the formula for the length of the curve x = f(t), y = g(t), a ≤ t ≤ b.
 - 12 Write the surface area formula in the differential form.
- IV. 13 Express the area bounded in the plane by the x-axis, the lines y = x and x = 1, as a double integral.
 - 14 Write the formula for the area of a bounded region R in the polar co-ordinate plane.
 - 15 Define the volume of a closed bounded region D in space using triple integral.
 - 16 Write the equation of a sphere of radius 5 with centre at origin, in spherical co-ordinates.

 $(4 \times 1 = 4)$

Turn over

Part B (Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any five questions. Each question carries weight 1.

17 Differentiate the equation n times with respect to
$$x:(1-x^2)y_2-xy_1-y=0$$
.

18 Find the asymptotes parallel to the co-ordinate axes of the curve
$$(x^2 + y^2)x - ay^2 = 0$$
.

19 Find
$$\frac{dw}{dt}$$
 at $t=0$ if $w=xy+z$, $x=\cos t$, $y=\sin t$, $z=t$.

20 Find the local extreme values of
$$f(x, y) = x^2 + y^2$$
.

21 Evaluate
$$\int_{0}^{1} t^{3} (1+t^{4})^{3} dt$$
.

22 Find the volume of the sphere generated by rotating the circle
$$x^2 + y^2 = 1$$
 about the x-axis.

23 Find the area of the region enclosed by the curve
$$y = x^2$$
 and the line $y = x + 2$, by double integrals.

24 Evaluate the cylindrical co-ordinate integral
$$\int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{0}^{2} \int_{0}^{r^{2}} z \, dz \, r \, dr \, d\theta$$
.

$$(5 \times 1 = 5)$$

Part C (Short Essay Questions)

Answer any four questions. Each question carries weight 2.

25 Find the points of inflexion on the curve
$$y = (\log x)^3$$
.

26 Find the evolute of the parabola
$$y^2 = 4\alpha x$$
.

27 Find the greatest and smallest values of that the function
$$f(x, y) = xy$$
 takes on the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{8} + \frac{y^2}{2} = 1$.

28 Find the length of the curve
$$y = x^{3/2}$$
 from $x = 0$ to $x = 4$.

29 Find the area of the surface that is generated by revolving the portion of the curve
$$y = x^3$$
 between $x = 0$ and $x = 1$ about the x-axis.

30 Evaluate
$$\int_{0}^{1} \int_{0}^{\sqrt{1-y^2}} xy \, dx \, dy$$
 by expressing it as an equivalent integral with the order of integration reversed.

$$(4 \times 2 = 8)$$

Part D (Essay Questions)

Answer any two questions. Each question carries weight 4.

31 If
$$y = \frac{\sin^{-1} x}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}}$$
, where $-1 < x < 1$ and $-\frac{\pi}{2} < \sin^{-1} x < \frac{\pi}{2}$, show that

$$(1-x^2)y_{n+1}-(2n+1)xy_n-n^2y_{n-1}=0.$$

Assuming that y can be expanded in ascending powers of x in the form $a_0 + a_1x + \cdots + a_nx^n + \cdots$, prove that $(n+1)a_{n+1} = na_{n-1}$, and hence obtain a general term of the expansion.

- 32 The region bounded by the curve $y = x^2 + 1$ and the line y = -x + 3 is revolved about the x-axis to generate a solid. Find the volume of the solid.
- 33 Find the average value of F $(x, y, z) = (1 x^2 y^2 z^2)^{-1/2}$ over the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$. (2 × 4 = 8)