R	eg.	No.	 	*****	

# B.Sc. DEGREE (C.B.C.S.S.) EXAMINATION, OCTOBER 2016

## Fifth Semester

Core Course-STATES OF MATTER

(Common for B.Sc. Chemistry Model I and Model II, B.Sc. Petrochemicals, B.Sc. Chemistry Environment and Water Management)

(2013 Admission onwards)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 60 Marks

## Part A

Answer all questions.

Each question carries 1 mark.

- 1. Write down the expression for most probable velocity.
- 2. What is the correction factor for the volume in van der Waals equation for real gases?
- 3. Total degrees of freedom pocessed by H<sub>2</sub>O molecule.
- 4. What do you mean by cohesive force?
- 5. What is meant by improper axis of symmetry?
- 6. A crystal system having unit cell dimensions  $\alpha \neq b \neq c$  and  $\alpha = \beta = v = 90$  is \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- Calculate the Miller indices of crystal plane which cut through (2a, 3b, c)
- 8. What is the inter planar spacing for a cubic system?

 $(8 \times 1 = 8)$ 

#### Part B

Answer any six questions.

Each question carries 2 marks.

- 9. State and explain Boyle's law.
- 10. What is meant by mean free path?
- 11. State the law of equipartition of energy.
- 12. Define the compressibility factor.
- 13. The RMS velocity of oxygen at 298 K is  $4.6 \times 10^2$  m/s. Calculate its average velocity.

Turn over

- 14. Explain proper and improper axis of symmetry
- 15. What features distinguish a real gas from an ideal gas?
- 16. What is meant by superconductivity?
- 17. Sketch Freundlich absorption isotherm.
- 18. Explain Frenkel defect.

 $(6 \times 2 = 12)$ 

#### Part C

Answer any four questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

- Show that the K.E. of an ideal gas is a function of its absolute temperature and independent of its
  volume or pressure or type of molecule.
- 20. Calculate RMS and average velocity of SO2 at 427° B.
- 21. Derive the Bragg's relation.
- 22. Explain the structure of 20 S and Ca F2.
- 23. How thermotropic liquid crystals are classified.
- 24. Insulin forms crystals of orthorhombic type with unit cell dimensions of 13 nm × 7.48 nm × 3.09 nm.
  If the density of the crystal is 1.315 × 10<sup>3</sup> kg/m<sup>3</sup> and there are six insulin molecules per unit cell.
  What is the molar mass of insulin?

 $(4 \times 4 = 16)$ 

### Part D

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 12 marks.

- Discuss the applicability of van der Waals equation in explaining real gas behaviour under different conditions.
- 26. Discuss the determination of critical constants of a gas.
- Discuss the various types of defects exhibited by solids.
- 28. (a) Analyse the powder diffraction pattern of KCl.
  - (b) Write a note on crystallographic point group.

 $(2 \times 12 = 24)$