



QP CODE: 21100561

Reg No	:	***************************************
Name		

B.A DEGREE (CBCS) EXAMINATION, MARCH 2021

Third Semester

Core Course - PS3CRT03 - ISSUES AND POLITICAL PROCESS IN MODERN INDIA

(Common to B.A Political Science Model I, B.A Political Science Model II Mass Communication and Journalism)

2017 Admission Onwards

93997CCA

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 80

Part A

Answer any ten questions.

Each question carries 2 marks.

- 1. Name the state which formed in India for the first time on the basis of linguistic reorganisation and the year of formation.
- 2. Define unitary state.
- 3. Identify the importance of Article 370.
- 4. Define political parties.
- 5. Discuss the term Coalition Politics.
- 6. A brief note on pre-coalition politics.
- 7. What is the criteria for a regional party to be recognised as a national party?
- 8. Discuss the importance of Telangana Rashtra Samithi.
- 9. A brief note on National Conference (NC).
- 10. Who are the Dalits?
- 11. What is a Dalit Movement?
- 12. What is the literal meaning of Adivasis?

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

Part B

Answer any six questions.

Each question carries 5 marks.



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- 13. How new states are created in India?
- 14. Discuss the main recommendations of the State Reorganisation Commission of 1953.
- 15. Discuss the non-federal features of Indian Political system.
- 16. Discuss the major reasons behind the breakdown of Congress system in India.
- 17. Analyse the ideological differences between left parties.
- 18. Explain the major types of pressure groups in India.
- 19. Discuss the reasons behind emergence of regional parities in India.
- 20. Discuss the dialectics of caste and class in Indian Politics.
- 21. Write a note on Narmada Bahao Andolan.

 $(6 \times 5 = 30)$

Part C

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 15 marks.

- 22. "The Indian party system is passing through a phase of transition which looks to be full of contradictions and paradoxes." Discuss.
- 23. Explicate the role of fourth estate in Indian politics.
- 24. Critically evaluate major challenges to Indian democracy.
- 25. Give your opinion on 'causes of terrorism' and measures to deal with terrorism in India.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

